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PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

PATENT APPLICATION

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CASE 83-76-31

TITLE Corded Telephone Dialer Emulation

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(Signature of person mailing paper or fee)

SIR:

NEW APPLICATION UNDER 37 CFR 1.53(b)

Enclosed are the following papers relating to the above-named application for patent:

Specification
2 Informal sheets of drawing(s)
1 Assignment with Cover Sheet
Declaration and Power of Attorney

CLAIMS AS FILED				
	NO. FILED	NO. EXTRA	RATE	CALCULATIONS
Total Claims	19 - 20 =	0	x \$18 =	\$0
Independent Claims	3 - 3 =	0	x \$78 =	\$0
Multiple Dependent Claim(s), if applicable			\$260 =	\$0
Basic Fee				\$760
TOTAL FEE:				\$760

Please file the application and charge **Lucent Technologies Deposit Account No. 12-2325** the amount of \$760, to cover the filing fee. Duplicate copies of this letter are enclosed. In the event of non-payment or improper payment of a required fee, the Commissioner is authorized to charge or to credit **Deposit Account No. 12-2325** as required to correct the error.

The Assistant Commissioner for Patents is hereby authorized to treat any concurrent or future reply, requiring a petition for extension of time under 37 CFR § 1.136 for its timely submission, as incorporating a petition for extension of time for the appropriate length of time if not submitted with the reply.

Please address all correspondence to **Docket Administrator (Room 3C-512), Lucent Technologies Inc., 600 Mountain Avenue, P. O. Box 636, Murray Hill, New Jersey 07974-0636**. However, telephone calls should be made to me at 610-712-3753.

Respectfully,

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Date: October 5, 1999
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Cordless Telephone Dialer Emulation

Field of the Invention:

This application is related to the field of telephony, and more particularly to
5 cordless telephones.

Background of the Invention:

Cordless telephones are telephones that include a base unit which is coupled to a
telephone network via a telephone line, and a handset that communicates with the base
10 unit via an RF link. When not in use, the handset is typically cradled in a receiving
portion of the base unit for battery charging purposes, or simply left on a table or other
piece of furniture. Compared to a conventional "corded" telephone, a cordless telephone
provides a user with a significant degree of physical flexibility, as the user is free to roam
within a fairly large area and maintain communication during a telephone call.

15 The operational functionality of a cordless telephone differs slightly with that of a
conventional corded telephone. One way that they differ is that a conventional corded
telephone presents a dial tone to a user in response to a handset thereof being lifted from
a corresponding base. This action causes a switchhook to transition from an on-hook
position, wherein the telephone does not have a closed loop with a service provider, such
20 as a central office of a public switched telephone network, to an off-hook position,
wherein there is such a closed loop.

As a result, upon lifting a handset of a conventional corded telephone and
activating keys of a corresponding keypad, dialing information, typically in the form of

dual tone multifrequency (DTMF) digits, is presented to the service provider. In contrast, when a user picks up a handset from a typical cordless telephone, the user is not presented a dial tone. Instead, the user is required to first press a button, such as a “TALK” button or a “PHONE” button, in order to be presented with a dial tone.

5 Some cordless telephones are configured to make a transition between off-hook and on-hook states based on cradling or decradling of the handset from the base, such that a connection with the central office will be terminated upon detection of a cradling event, and a connection with the central office will be initiated upon detection of a decradling event. However, if the user wishes to terminate a telephone call when not near the base,
10 the user must press a button, such as an “OFF” button, at which point the on-hook transition occurs and the user can safely place the handset on a table, couch, etc. If the user subsequently wishes to initiate an outgoing call with a handset placed in such a manner, the user must first activate a particular button on the keypad in order to receive a dial tone.

15 The operational difference between the functionality of a conventional corded telephone and a typical cordless telephone may be problematic. For example, children are typically taught at a young age that in the case of an emergency they should pick up the nearest telephone and dial 9-1-1. This message is drilled into them from Sesame Street and other PBS programming, from daycare, from preschool, etc. However, the
20 tutorial simply states to dial 9-1-1. It does not instruct a child, necessarily, to first listen for a dial tone, and to first press the proper buttons on the keypad to obtain a dial tone if one is not present. A dangerous situation may therefore exist where a child is attempting to contact emergency personnel, but is unable to because the cordless handset is in an on-

hook condition and is waiting for the proper activation direction. There is therefore a need for a cordless telephone handset that is responsive to a 9-1-1 sequence even if the handset is in an on-hook condition.

5 **Summary of the Invention:**

This need is met by a cordless telephone that includes a base unit and a handset, wherein the handset includes a keypad, a key scan element adapted to scan the keypad for a predetermined key sequence, and a controller adapted to cause the initiation of an outgoing call based on a determination of the predetermined key sequence. In one
10 embodiment, the predetermined key sequence is 9-1-1.

In an alternative embodiment according to the invention, a method of placing a telephone call from a cordless telephone handset that is in an on-hook condition includes the steps of sensing the activation of a predetermined key sequence, and initiating a telephone call based on the sensed activation. The telephone call may be to a telephone
15 number corresponding to the predetermined key sequence, such as 9-1-1.

Brief Description of the Drawing:

Objects and advantages of the invention will be apparent to one of skill in the art upon review of the following detailed description in light of the drawing, wherein:

20 Figure 1 is a simplified block diagram of an exemplary telephone adapted to operate according to the invention; and

Figure 2 is a simplified operational flowchart of a telephone adapted to operate according to the invention.

Detailed Description:

Figure 1 is a simplified block diagram of a cordless telephone 105 as a first embodiment according to the invention. Cordless telephone 105 includes a base unit 107 and a handset 109. The base unit 107 includes a telephone line interface 111, which couples the base unit to a telephone network, such as a public switched telephone network. The base unit 107 also includes a controller 113, and an RF transceiver 115. The handset 109 includes an RF transceiver 117, a controller 119, a keypad 121, and a key scan element 123. The base unit 107 and handset 109, of course, also include other conventional elements, such as a microphone, a speaker, etc., but these conventional elements are omitted here to facilitate an understanding of the invention by focusing primarily on those elements associated therewith.

At the block diagram level, cordless telephone 105 appears to be the same as a conventional cordless telephone. For example, a conventional cordless telephone handset has a key scan element, typically as a programmed module within a controller or digital signal processor, that continuously scans a keypad and identifies activated keys to a controller for processing. Cordless telephone 105 is unique, by comparison, based on the functionality programmed into the controller 119 and/or the key scan element 123, which are likely modules within a particular integrated circuit microcontroller or digital signal processor.

In particular, the key scan element 123 continuously scans the keypad to determine if any keys are activated, even when telephone 105 is in an off-hook condition, and either passes the activation information to the controller 119, or analyzes the

information and informs the controller if a particular sequence has been activated. The continuous scanning of the keypad is not unique to the invention, as a conventional key scan element typically scans a keypad continuously to determine, for example, if the “TALK” or “PHONE” button has been activated. Alternatively, a conventional key scan
5 element may passively scan for an electrical signal that will cause a processor interrupt. Also, one of skill in the art understands that the continuous scanning is actually periodic, occurring at a very high frequency.

According to the invention, however, when a particular sequence of keys are activated, a determination will be made by either the key scan element 123 or the
10 controller 119, and the detection of the particular sequence will lead to the initiation of an outgoing telephone call. In a particular example, the particular sequence is the 9-1-1 sequence, and the outgoing telephone call is placed to 9-1-1.

In contrast with a conventional cordless telephone handset, therefore, the handset
109 causes the proper initiation of an emergency telephone call even if the telephone 105
15 is in an off-hook condition. A conventional handset (or base, if a keypad is located therein), on the other hand, would not react to the activation of the 9-1-1 keys if the user had not first obtained a dial tone, such as by pressing the “PHONE” button.

Figure 2 is an exemplary simplified operational flowchart according to the invention. At step 202, the handset 109 is separate from the base unit 107, and the
20 telephone 105 is in an on-hook condition. At step 204, key scan element 123 scans the keypad. At step 206, a determination is made as to whether any of the keys of the keypad 121 have been activated.

If the answer at step 206 is "NO", then the key scan element continues to scan the keypad for activation at step 204. If, on the other hand, one or more keys of keypad 121 have been activated, at step 208 the activated key(s) are compared to one or more predetermined key sequences to determine if there is a match between the activated keys
5 and a key sequence. If there is not a match, then the activated keys are essentially ignored, and the telephone 105 remains in the on-hook condition, returning to step 204 for continued key scan operations. If, on the other hand, there is a match, then at step 210 telephone 105 transitions to an off-hook state, and at step 212 a telephone number is output.

10 The transition to the off-hook state is directed, for example, by controller 113 in response to a signal received from controller 119 via an RF link between transceivers 115 and 117. Further, controller 119 may direct the output of the number at step 212, such as by causing the output of dual tone multifrequency information associated with a particular telephone number. Alternatively, the controller 113 may be directed by the
15 controller 119 such that controller 113 creates the communication channel via the telephone line interface 111, and then merely passes along dual tone multifrequency data output by controller 119 via the RF link.

In one embodiment according to the invention, telephone 105 is preprogrammed prior to purchase to include the feature of the present invention, such that the
20 programming in particular causes the scanning for the 9-1-1 sequence, and the telephone 105 automatically initiates a call to the 9-1-1 telephone number upon such detection. Such programming may occur at a point of manufacture of the integrated circuit controller, and thus be included in ROM code, or may be programmed into the controller

by a manufacturer as part of the assembly of the controller and other parts into a telephone.

In an alternative embodiment according to the invention, the query at step 208 is slightly modified to include not only the predetermined key sequence (e.g. 9-1-1), but to also include a predetermined period (preferably short) of keypad inactivity following the last item in the sequence. The advantage of this embodiment is that it would prevent the dialing of 9-1-1 if the keys are actually being activated in a random sequence, such as by a child playing with the handset 109, and the child inadvertently presses the 9-1-1 sequence.

In an alternative embodiment, the predetermined key sequence and/or the corresponding telephone number are user programmable, such that a user can program the telephone to respond to any particular key sequence by placing a telephone call to any particular telephone number. This programming may be accomplished as part of a normal set up routine, whereby the user enters the programming information via the keypad 121 and receives feedback via a display integrated into handset 109 or base unit 107. Thus, for example, the result of the programming may be that any time the keys corresponding to "Grandma's telephone number" are activated, then a call will be initiated to Grandma, even if the off-hook transition had not occurred earlier.

This alternative is also advantageous in areas where 9-1-1 service is not in place, in which case the user can program in an alternative emergency telephone number, or may alternatively program in a user's work telephone number to be called whenever the user's children dial 9-1-1. Additionally, this option may be useful as an alternative or supplement to programming a limited number of particular speed dial buttons.

Based on an understanding of these various embodiments, one of skill in the art is likely to conceive of alternative embodiments that are not specifically enumerated here, but that are clearly within the scope of the invention

Claims:

- 1 1. A cordless telephone, comprising:
2 a base unit; and
3 a handset, the handset including
4 a keypad,
5 a key scan element adapted to scan the keypad for a predetermined key
6 sequence, and
7 a controller adapted to cause the initiation of an outgoing call based on a
8 determination of the predetermined key sequence.
- 1 2. A cordless telephone as recited in claim 1, wherein the outgoing call is initiated to
2 a telephone number corresponding to the predetermined key sequence.
- 1 3. A cordless telephone as recited in claim 1, wherein the predetermined key
2 sequence is 9-1-1.
- 1 4. A cordless telephone as recited in claim 1, wherein the base unit is adapted to
2 establish a link with a network based on a signal from the controller in the handset, to
3 sense a dial tone, and to output dual tone multifrequency signals corresponding to a
4 number to be dialed to the network.
- 1 5. A cordless telephone as recited in claim 4, wherein the network is a public
2 switched telephone network.

1 6. A handset for a cordless telephone, comprising:
2 a keypad,
3 a key scan element adapted to scan the keypad for a predetermined key
4 sequence, and
5 a controller adapted to cause the initiation of an outgoing call based on a
6 determination of the predetermined key sequence.

1 7. A handset as recited in claim 6, wherein the controller is adapted to output a
2 signal to a corresponding base unit based on the determination of the predetermined key
3 sequence.

1 8. A handset as recited in claim 7, further comprising an RF transceiver, wherein the
2 signal is output to the base unit via the RF transceiver.

1 9. A handset as recited in claim 7, wherein the signal informs the base unit that the
2 predetermined key sequence has been detected.

1 10. A handset as recited in claim 7, wherein the signal comprises a dialing sequence
2 of a number to be dialed.

1 11. A handset as recited in claim 10, wherein the dialing sequence corresponds to the
2 predetermined key sequence.

1 12. A method of placing a telephone call from a cordless telephone handset that is in
2 an on-hook condition, comprising the steps of:

3 sensing the activation of a predetermined key sequence; and
4 initiating a telephone call based on the sensed activation.

1 13. A method as recited in claim 12, wherein the telephone call is to a telephone
2 number corresponding to the predetermined key sequence.

1 14. A method as recited in claim 13, wherein the predetermined key sequence is 9-1-
2 1.

1 15. A method as recited in claim 12, wherein the initiating step includes sending a
2 signal to a corresponding base unit.

1 16. A method as recited in claim 15, wherein the signal indicates detection of the
2 predetermined key sequence.

1 17. A method as recited in claim 15, wherein the signal includes a dialing sequence.

1 18. A method as recited in claim 17, wherein the dialing sequence corresponds to the
2 predetermined key sequence.

1 19. A method as recited in claim 15, wherein the signal is sent via an RF link.

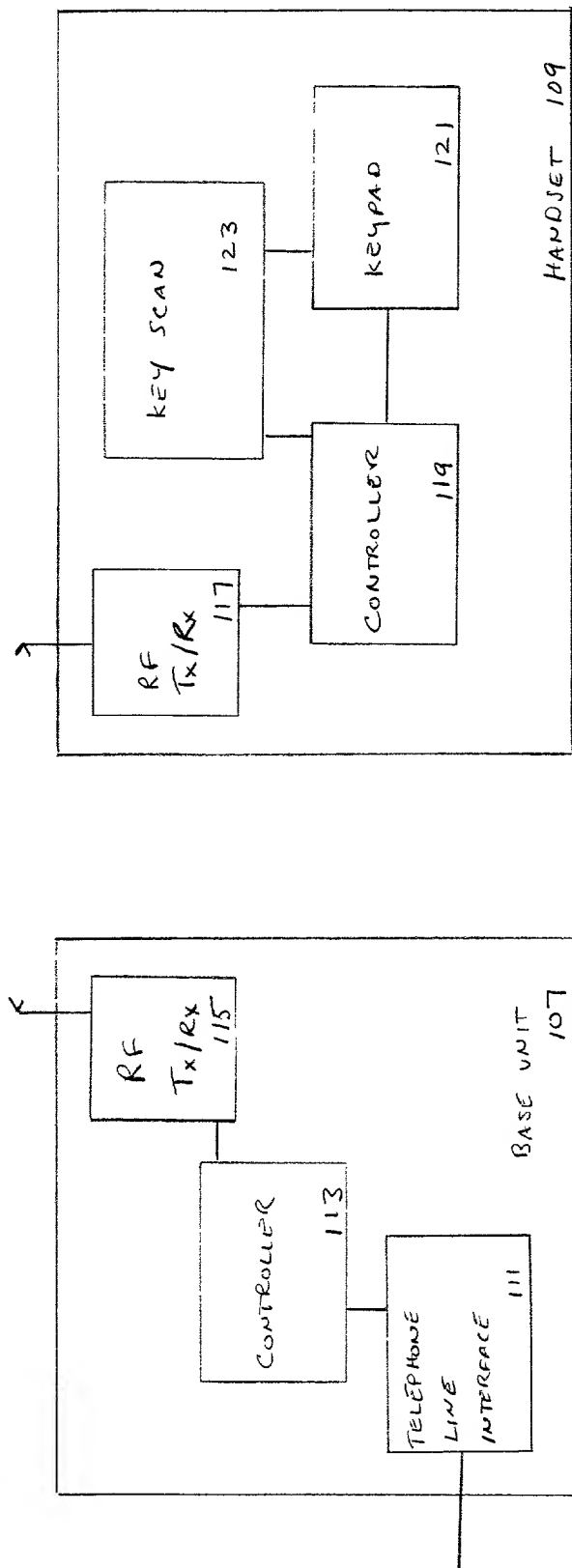
Abstract of the Disclosure

A cordless telephone according to one embodiment of the invention includes a base unit and a handset, wherein the handset includes a keypad, a key scan element adapted to scan the keypad for a predetermined key sequence, and a controller adapted to

5 cause the initiation of an outgoing call based on a determination of the predetermined key sequence. In one embodiment, the predetermined key sequence is 9-1-1. In an alternative embodiment according to the invention, a method of placing a telephone call from a cordless telephone handset that is in an on-hook condition includes the steps of sensing the activation of a predetermined key sequence, and initiating a telephone call

10 based on the sensed activation. The telephone call may be to a telephone number corresponding to the predetermined key sequence, such as 9-1-1.

FIG. 1



13-782 500 SHEETS FILER 5 SQUARE
42-381 50 SHEETS EYE-LASE® 5 SQUARE
42-382 100 SHEETS EYE-LASE® 5 SQUARE
42-389 100 SHEETS EYE-LASE® 5 SQUARE
42-390 100 SHEETS EYE-LASE® 5 SQUARE
42-391 200 SHEETS EYE-LASE® 5 SQUARE
42-392 200 SHEETS EYE-LASE® 5 SQUARE
42-393 200 RECYCLED WHITE 5 SQUARE
42-394 200 RECYCLED WHITE 5 SQUARE
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National® Brand

100% Recycled Paper

100% Recycled Paper

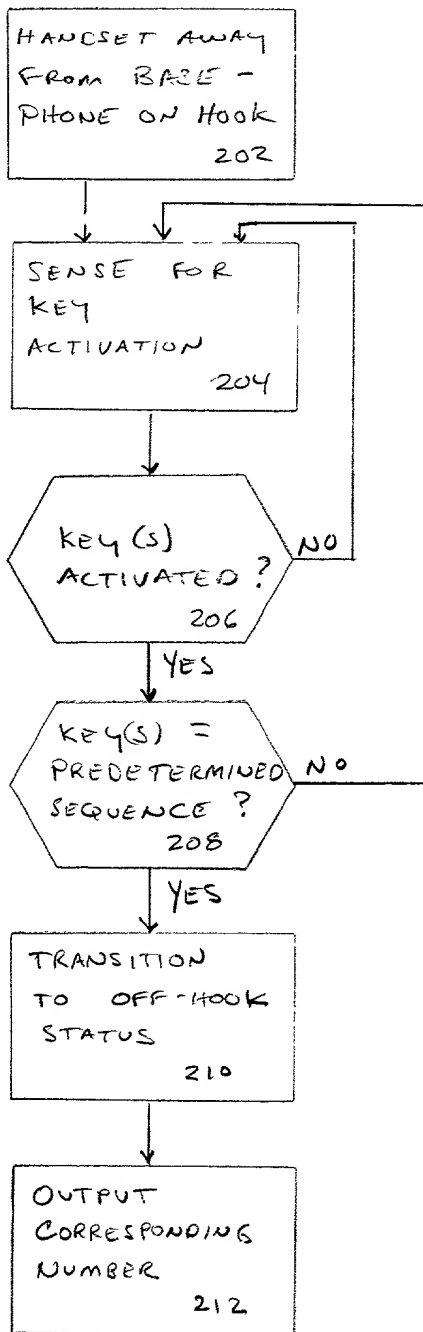


FIG 2

IN THE UNITED STATES
PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Declaration and Power of Attorney

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name.

I believe I am an original, first and joint inventor of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled **Corded Telephone Dialer Emulation** the specification of which is attached hereto.

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above identified specification, including the claims, as amended by an amendment, if any, specifically referred to in this oath or declaration.

I acknowledge the duty to disclose all information known to me which is material to patentability as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, 1.56.

I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under Title 35, United States Code, 119 of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate listed below and have also identified below any foreign application for patent or inventor's certificate having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed:

None

I hereby claim the benefit under Title 35, United States Code, 120 of any United States application(s) listed below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in the prior United States application in the manner provided by the first paragraph of Title 35, United States Code, 112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose all information known to me to be material to patentability as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, 1.56 which became available between the filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT international filing date of this application:

None

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

I hereby appoint the following attorney(s) with full power of substitution and revocation, to prosecute said application, to make alterations and amendments therein, to receive the patent, and to transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith:

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